Louisville Foreclosures

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Mayor's Neighborhood Summit

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Where did they go? The Decline of Middle-Income Neighborhoods

- Middle income neighborhoods declined from 58% of all metro neighborhoods in 1970 to 41% in 2000
- In 2000, 37% of lower-income families lived in middle-income neighborhoods, down from 55% in 1970
- Repeated trend in suburban neighborhood

Foreclosures Since 1996

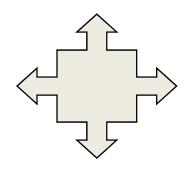


Why the rise in foreclosures?

The National Picture

Rise in Foreclosures

Dramatic rise in sub-prime lending



More households with higher cost burdens

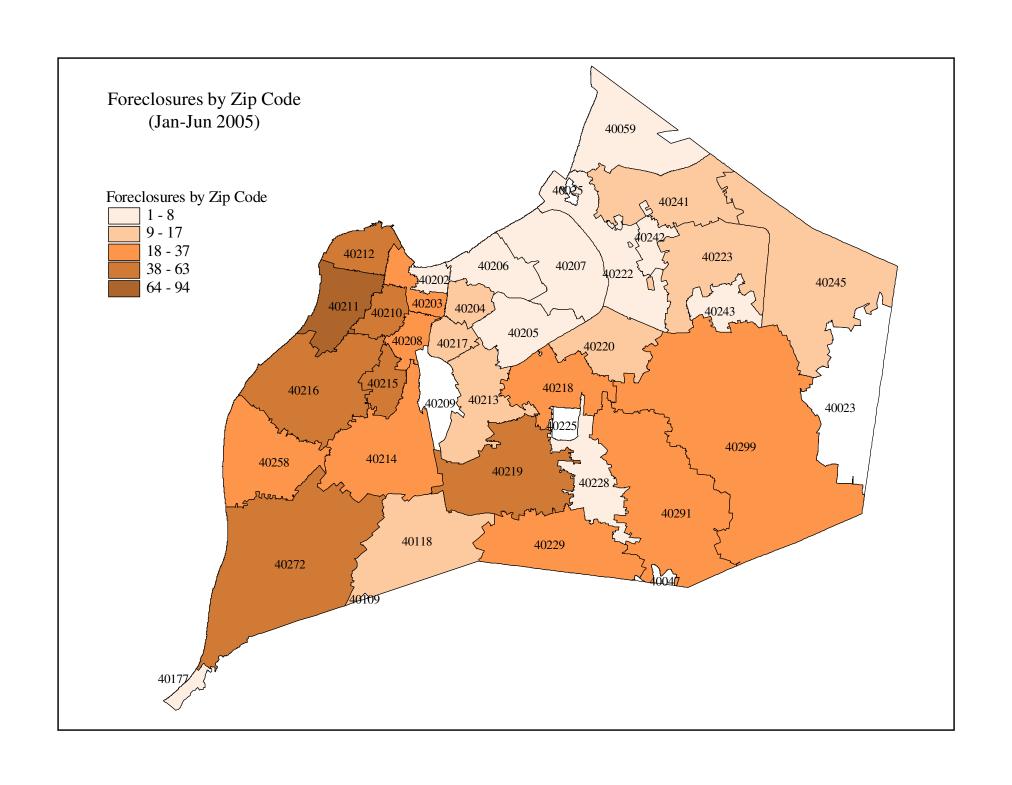
More families have higher debt and inadequate savings

Why Increased Risk?

- New products in the last 10 years- Internet mortgages, the bundling of credit risks, lower down payment, new loan products, LTV of over 100%, cash out
- No community experience
- No regulation- predatory lending laws weak
- Focus on fragile neighborhoods

Findings of Louisville Research

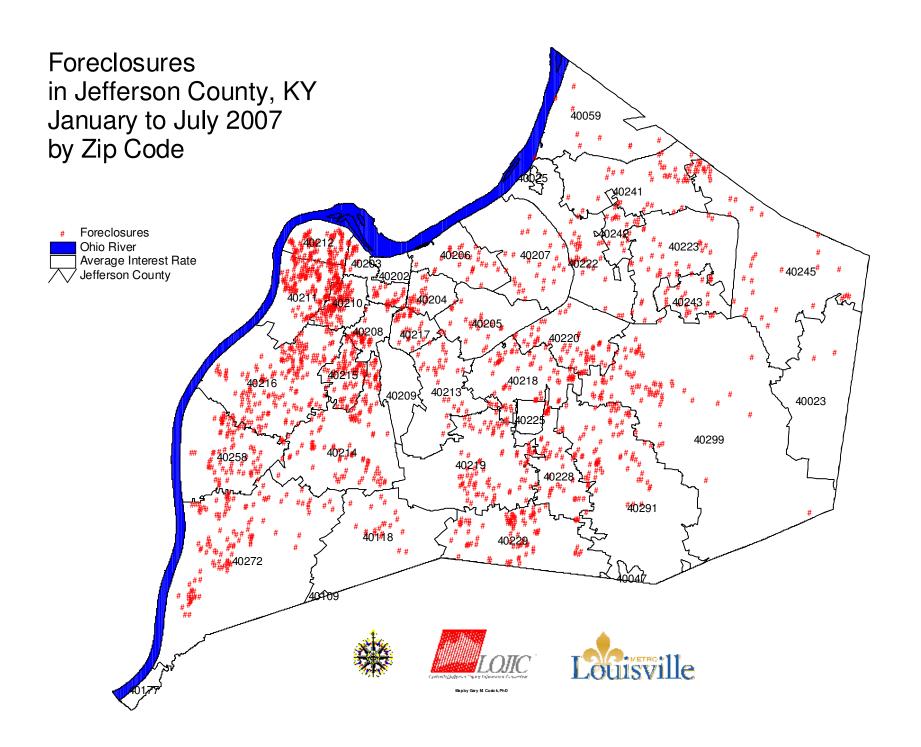
- Study in 2005 of foreclosure sales by Community Resource Network, Making Connections and MHC
 - 80% of foreclosures were refinanced loans
 - Over 50% were loans less that 2 years old
 - 78% of loans were less than 4 years old
 - Interest Rate was about 3% higher than prime
 - 25% had pre-payment penalty
 - 5% had balloon payment term



Number of Foreclosures Filed in 2007

 1,699 unduplicated mortgages foreclosures filed between January 1st and June 30, 2007

Average of 283 per month



Fixed versus Adjustable Mortgages

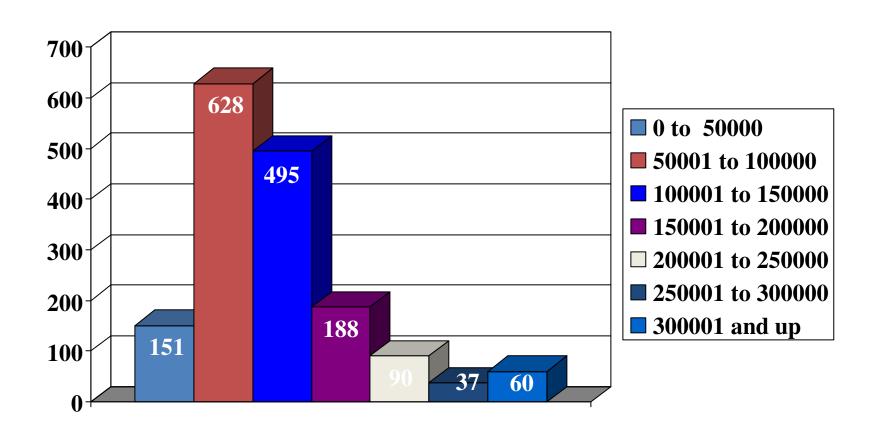
Type of Mortgage	Number of Foreclosures	Average Interest Rate
Fixed	902	7.49%
Adjustable	775	8.65%

Mortgages with and without Prepayment Penalties

Prepayment Penalty	Number of Foreclosures	Average Interest Rate
Yes	645	9.02%
No	1054	7.40%

Property Valuation Assessment

(N=1649)



Louisville Metropolitan Median Sales Price in August 2007 - \$139,300

1,199 or 70.57% of foreclosures filed in Jefferson County had PVA assessment values below this figure.

Mortgage Products used by Survey Participants

- 19 Females, 7 Males, Ages ranged from 30 79
- 9 African Americans, 17 White
- 16 had 1st Mortgages Only
- 13 of these had Prepayment Penalties
- Of the 1st Mortgages
 - 13 had Fixed Rate Mortgages 6 to 9.9%
 - 12 had Adjustable Rate Mortgages 6.75 to 11.5%
 - 1 had a Balloon Mortgage 8.95%
- 10 had 2nd Mortgages
- 4 of these had Prepayment Penalties
- Of the 2nd Mortgages
 - 6 had Fixed Rate Mortgages 6 to 19%
 - 4 had Adjustable Rate Mortgages 8.75 to 11.75%

Escrow Accounts

- Monthly mortgage payments for 14 of the 26 did not include escrow for insurance premiums and/or property taxes
- Additional monthly payments for insurance and/or property taxes ranged from \$32 to \$125 for insurance to \$19 to \$292 for taxes.
- 4 had homestead exemptions & 4 had disability exemptions

What neighborhoods can do

- When people learned of resources from a trusted person, they used the resource. Neighbors reaching neighbors. A foreclosure is NOT the end, but the beginning of a process.
- Neighborhood plan to market itself, work with city land bank and other ways to get homes to homeowners. Think new ways- public transit, jobs, encouraging diverse housing types. A bill in Congress for \$4 billion for neighborhoods hit by foreclosure.